UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION IX

IN THE MATTER OF:

Respondent

Stone Southwest, Inc.,

a Delaware Corporation,

Prescott Arizona (Yavapai-

Prescott Indian Reservation)

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EPA DOCKET NO.: 92-15

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER ON CONSENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 106 OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT OF 1980 as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 9606

PREAMBLE

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) and Stone Southwest, Inc., herein referred to as the "Respondent", have each agreed to the making and issuance of this Order on Consent. This Order is issued pursuant to the authority vested in the President of the United States by Sections 106(a) and 122 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response,

Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. §§ 9606(a) and 9622, as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, Pub. L. 99-499 (CERCLA), and delegated to the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection

Agency (U.S. EPA) by Executive Order No. 12580, January 23, 1987, 52 Federal Register 2923, further delegated to the EPA Regional Administrators by U.S. EPA Delegation Nos. 14-14-A and 14-14-B, and further redelegated to the Director, Hazardous Waste

Management Division by Region IX Delegations 1290.41 and 1290.42.

The State of Arizona has been notified of the issuance of this Order as required by Section 106(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9606(a).

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This Order requires the Respondent to undertake and complete removal activities to abate conditions which may present an imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health and welfare or the environment because of an actual or threatened release of hazardous substances at the Site, as defined in Section 1 below.

Respondent agrees to undertake all actions required by this Order.

FINDINGS OF FACT

Based on available information, including the Administrative Record in this matter, U.S. EPA hereby finds that:

1. Physical Location and Site Description

Southwest Forest Industries, Inc., ("Southwest Forest") operated a wood treating plant on 22 acres of land located approximately 1 mile northeast of Prescott, Arizona, east of U.S. 89, leased from the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe ("the Site") from 1961 until 1985. Operations involved the pressure application of wood preservation chemicals to logs and timbers. All of the stock of Southwest Forest Industries, Inc., was acquired by Stone Container Corporation in 1987. The name of the acquired company was changed to Stone Container Corporation in 1987 and subsequently changed again to Stone Southwest, Inc. Thus, the successor to Southwest Forest Industries is now Stone Southwest, Inc., a Delaware corporation that is wholly owned by Stone Container Corporation, a Delaware corporation.

The Site is situated in Slaughterhouse Gulch and is bordered by Granite Creek to the west, a defunct auto salvage yard to the north, several residences to the east, and a hillside to the south. Granite Creek, located downgradient of the Site, is a perennial creek and is utilized for cattle grazing and quarrying activities. The creek discharges into Watson Lake which is used for recreational purposes including fishing and boating.

The City of Prescott is located to the south, east, and west of the Site. Prescott is a community of approximately 26,000 people. Located within a half-mile of the Site are the Veterans Hospital, City of Prescott landfill, and Sheraton Hotel.

2. Enforcement Background

Prior to the enactment of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), Southwest Forest utilized an unlined pond (referred to as the penta pond) as part of its wood treating process. However, in November of 1980, Southwest Forest notified EPA that it was operating as a Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal facility ("TSD"). RCRA TSD Interim Status was granted to Southwest Forest for storage in drums and tanks, and treatment in tanks. The pond was taken out of service but was not cleaned out. In February 1985, Southwest Forest completed Interim Status Closure Procedures and was granted a RCRA "clean closure" by EPA Region IX. The RCRA closure, however, did not address the pond or other historic areas of contamination at the Site, and EPA Region IX did not require it to do so at that time.

In August 1991, the Yavapai Tribe hired a consultant to sample the pond contents and soils beneath the pond. The results

of the sampling indicated high levels of pentachlorophenol (PCP) in and under the pond. On-Scene Coordinator Donn Zuroski visited the Site on October 10, 1991, and found that the pond was not fenced and that no warning signs were posted. Furthermore, it was apparent that the north wall of the pond had become eroded (by flow in the adjacent wash) and that any rainfall runoff would flow through the pond and out into the wash and on into Granite Creek. On November 4 through 6, 1991, OSC Zuroski conducted a removal at the Site which included: construction of a run-off barrier; erection of a fence; and the posting of warning signs at the waste disposal pond. On February 4, 1992, OSC Zuroski and the Technical Assistance Team (TAT) conducted additional sampling Results of this sampling confirmed the presence of at the Site. contamination in the waste pond and in areas where treated wood had been processed.

3. Respondent

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Stone Southwest, Inc., a Delaware corporation, is the respondent and is referred to herein as the "Respondent."

4. Site Characteristics and History of Operations

Southwest Forest operated a wood treating plant from 1965 until 1985. Logs were mechanically debarked and air or kiln dried before the application of preservatives. The logs were loaded on a railroad car and rolled into a 8 x 90 foot process cylinder for heat and pressure application of the preservatives. The type of chemical, temperature, and pressure varied depending upon the treatment process used. Wood process solutions contained either 6% PCP in diesel oil, 3% PCP in methylene chloride, or a 1.5% copper chromated arsenic solution. The

treated logs were removed from the process cylinder and stored on a series of six bermed concrete pads to collect residual dripping treatment solution. The area south of the process cylinder was used for storage and inspection of the treated logs. Treatment of contaminated condensate from the preservation process consisted of oil/water separation with subsequent evaporation to remove free liquids. The remaining sludge containing diesel oil and PCP was placed in an unlined surface impoundment.

In 1971, seeps from the pond were discovered near Granite Creek, located approximately 850 feet downgradient from the pond. Based upon a consultant's recommendation Southwest Forest discontinued the use of the pond. The pond was partially backfilled with soil and untreated wood shavings. During the eight years between the pond closure and the construction of a waste water treatment system, the contaminated waste water was sprayed over the roads in and adjacent to the Site for dust suppression.

5. Incident/Release Characteristics

In August 1991, the Yavapai-Prescott Tribe hired Erie and Associates ("Erie") to conduct soil sampling in and beneath the penta pond. Nine subsurface samples (to a depth of eight feet) were collected from three pits dug in the pond. Erie reported to EPA that it detected PCP concentrations up to 29%, total polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PNAs) up to 1420 mg/Kg, arsenic up to 500 mg/Kg, and total chromium up to 220 mg/Kg.

During February 1992, EPA conducted additional soil sampling tests at the Site. These samples confirmed the existence of contamination in the waste pond and in the areas where the

treated wood had been processed. Samples taken in the pond indicated: total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as high as 11,000 parts per million (ppm); PCP levels as high as 2,500 ppm; arsenic levels as high as 215 ppm; and chromium levels as high as 205 ppm. Samples taken from the process area show: PCP levels as high as 520 ppm; arsenic levels as high as 162 ppm; and chromium levels as high as 168 ppm.

6. Threats to Public Health or Welfare or/and the Environment

The substances of concern are pentachlorophenol (PCP) and copper chromated arsenic.

Pentachlorophenol is known to affect the cardiovascular system, respiratory system, eyes, liver, kidneys, skin and central nervous system.

Chromium is a suspected human carcinogen. Exposure to chromate dust may cause bronchogenic carcinoma. Chromium is a poison and when ingested causes deleterious gastrointestinal effects.

Arsenic is a carcinogen and is known to affect the liver, kidneys, skin, lungs, and the lymphatic system.

The potential for further release of contaminants to the soil, groundwater, and surface waters, as well as inhalation of airborne dust, currently threaten the public health, welfare, and the environment. There is a potential for hazardous substances to migrate off-site, and to flow into Granite Creek and into Watson Lake. Watson Lake is a major recreational area used by members of the Prescott community.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

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Based upon the foregoing Findings, U.S. EPA hereby concludes that:

- 7. Southwest Forest Industries, Inc., the successor to which is Stone Southwest, Inc., operated a wood treating plant at the Site, located on the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Reservation, and the Site is a "facility" as defined by Section 101(9) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(9), and is hereinafter sometimes referred to as the "Facility."
- 8. Stone Southwest, Inc. is a "person" as defined by Section 101(21) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(21).
- 9. Stone Southwest, Inc., as the successor to Southwest Forest Industries, Inc., was the "owner" and an "operator" of the facility, as defined by Section 101(20) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(20). The Respondent is a responsible party under Sections 104, 107, and 122 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 9604, 9607, and 9622.
- 10. Substances found at the Site include pentachlorophenol, copper chromated chromium and arsenic and are "hazardous substances" as defined by Section 101(14) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(14), or constitute "pollutants or contaminants" that may present an imminent and substantial danger to public health or welfare under Section 104(a)(1) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9604(a)(1).
- 11. The presence of hazardous substances in the soil at the Site and the future migration of these substances constitutes an actual or threatened "release" as defined in Section 101(22) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(22).

DETERMINATIONS

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of

Law, the Director, Hazardous Waste Management Division, EPA Region IX, has determined that:

- 12. The actual or threatened release of hazardous substances at or from the Facility may present an imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health, welfare, or the environment.
- 13. The conditions present at the Site constitute a threat to public health or welfare or the environment based upon consideration of the factors set forth in the National Contingency Plan (NCP) at 40 CFR § 300.415(b).
- 14. The actions required by this Order are consistent with the National Contingency Plan (NCP), 40 CFR Part 300, as amended, and CERCLA, are in the public interest, will expedite effective remedial action and minimize litigation, and are reasonable and necessary to protect the public health, welfare and the environment.

WORK TO BE PERFORMED

Based upon the foregoing Findings, Conclusions, and Determinations, and pursuant to Section 106(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9606(a), it is hereby ordered and agreed that Respondent will undertake the following actions under the direction of EPA's On-Scene Coordinator:

of this Order, Respondent shall provide 24-hour site security to prevent public access to the Site. Site security shall include (i) fencing the entire site, or (ii) posting warning signs and providing a security guard 24-hours per day and assuming responsibility for the existing fence around the penta pond.

These site security measures shall continue until U.S. EPA determines that the level of security may be reduced. Respondent shall submit a report documenting the status of site security within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this Order.

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- 16. Within thirty (30) calendar days after the effective date of this Order, Respondent shall submit to U.S. EPA for approval, a Characterization Plan for the removal activities ordered as set forth in Paragraph 17(a)(i) below. The Work Plan shall provide a detailed description of the activities to be conducted to comply with the requirements of this Order, and shall include a proposed schedule for implementing and completing the activities. The Work Plan shall contain a Site health and safety plan, a sampling and analysis plan, and a schedule providing interim timeframes, including initiation and completion dates, for the work to be performed, and a final completion date for the response actions to threats posed by the Site. Plan and other submitted documents shall demonstrate that the Respondent can properly conduct the actions required by this Order.
- a. The sampling and analysis plan shall provide a process for obtaining data of sufficient quality and quantity to satisfy data needs, and shall be consistent with EPA OSWER Directive 9360.4-01 ("Quality Assurance/Quality Control Guidance for Removal Activities: Sampling QA/QC Plan and Data Validation Procedures"), dated April, 1990. The sampling and analysis plan shall consist of (a) a field sampling plan which will define in detail the number, type, and location of, and the rationale for, samples and the type of analyses to be conducted; and (b) a

quality assurance project plan, which will describe the policy, organization, functional activities, quality assurance and quality control protocols, sampling procedures, sample custody, analytical procedures, and data reduction, validation, and reporting and the data quality objectives and measures necessary to achieve adequate data for use in planning and documenting the removal action.

- b. The Site health and safety plan shall be prepared in accordance with EPA's Standard Operating Safety Guide, dated November 1981 and updated July 1988, and with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations applicable to Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response, 29 CFR Part 1910.
- 17. The Work Plan shall include provisions for the following activities to be completed within the timeframes set forth:
- a. Failure of the Respondent to properly implement each element of the approved Work Plan within the time periods set forth shall be deemed to be a violation of this Order. The Work Plan shall consist of the following:

i. Characterization Plan - Define and characterize the contamination on the Site, including contamination originating on the Site that has come to be located off the Site, through sampling, analysis, and monitoring; and prepare a rough outline of the Remedial Plan; and ii. Remedial Plan - Prepare a Remedial Plan which will include response actions to eliminate the contamination,

or to reduce the contamination to a level acceptable to EPA that will satisfy the cleanup standards set forth in CERCLA Section 121(d) and will not present an unreasonable threat to the public health, welfare, and environment, as determined by EPA; as well as the monitoring and analyses that will be needed to confirm the effectiveness of these actions. Respondent and EPA agree that the cleanup standard for pentachlorphenol shall be as follows: for soils, 11 mg/kg; for groundwater, 1 microgram/liter; or a higher level if Respondent can demonstrate to the satisfaction of EPA that such level meets the criteria of this paragraph and the NCP.

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Within five (5) calendar days after EPA b. approval of the Characterization Plan, the Respondent shall commence implementation of the Characterization Plan. Within sixty-three (63) days after commencement of the Characterization Plan, Respondent shall complete the implementation of the Characterization Plan. Within seventy-three (73) days after commencement of implementation of the Characterization Plan, Respondent shall prepare and submit to EPA the Remedial Plan, which shall include a report on the results of the implementation of the Characterization Plan. Within five (5) days after EPA approval of the Remedial Plan, Respondent shall commence implementation of the Remedial Plan, including any field or laboratory studies of remedial technologies or techniques that may be necessary to select or adjust the appropriate remedial

measures, as described in the Remedial Plan. Respondent shall conduct all activities included in the Remedial Plan with due diligence, and shall complete such activities within the schedule contained in the Remedial Plan and approved by EPA.

- by U.S. EPA, which may approve, disapprove, require revisions, or modify the Work Plan. If EPA disapproves the Work Plan in whole or in part, Respondent shall amend and submit to EPA a revised Work Plan within fourteen days of receiving EPA's notification of disapproval.
- 19. Once approved, the Work Plan shall be deemed to be incorporated into and made a fully enforceable part of this Order. Respondent shall implement and complete all work in accordance with the schedules, standards, specifications, and other requirements of this Order, and the Work Plan as approved or modified by U.S. EPA, and as may be amended or modified by U.S. EPA from time to time. Failure of Respondent to properly perform any aspect of the Work Plan or of any task-specific work plans in accordance with the approved time schedules and this Order shall be deemed a violation of the terms of this Order.
- 20. Respondent shall retain an environmental consultant qualified to undertake and complete the requirements of this Order, and shall notify U.S. EPA of the name of such consultant on or before the effective date of this Order. Respondent shall further provide a list of qualified contractors that may be used to perform the field activities specified in this Order. Upon being notified of the identity of the Respondent's selected consultant and contractors, U.S. EPA may disapprove of any, or

all, of the consultants, contractors and/or subcontractors 1 retained by the Respondent. In the event U.S. EPA disapproves of 2 a selected contractor, Respondent shall retain a different 3 contractor to perform the work, and such selection shall be made 4 within ten (10) business days following U.S. EPA's disapproval. 5 In the event U.S. EPA disapproves of the selected consultant, 6 7 Respondent shall retain a different environmental consultant within twenty (20) business days following U.S. EPA's 8 disapproval. If U.S. EPA subsequently disapproves of the 9 replacement consultant or contractor, U.S. EPA reserves the right 10 to terminate this Order, conduct all or part of the removal 11 12 action, and obtain reimbursement for costs and penalties from Respondent. During the course of the work, Respondent shall 13 notify EPA in writing seven (7) days in advance of any changes or 14 15 additions in the environmental consultant or the contractor used to carry out such work, providing its qualifications, name, 16 17 address, and telephone number. U.S. EPA shall have the same right to approve changes and additions to the environmental 18 consultant and the contractor as it has hereunder regarding the 19 initial notification. 20

21. Respondent shall inform EPA orally or in writing at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to any on-site actions or activities pursuant to this Administrative Order on Consent, and shall not perform any physical on-site activity until receiving U.S. EPA approval for such activity. While awaiting U.S. EPA approval, Respondent shall proceed with all other tasks and activities which may be conducted independently of this work in accordance with the approved schedules.

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U.S. EPA may determine that work in addition to tasks defined in the initially-approved work plan may be necessary to accomplish the objectives of the removal action. U.S. EPA may require that Respondent perform such additional work, if it determines that such work is necessary to complete the removal Respondents shall either confirm their willingness to perform the additional work in writing to U.S. EPA within seven (7) calendar days of receipt of the EPA request or invoke dispute Subject to U.S. EPA resolution of any dispute, resolution. Respondents shall implement the additional tasks which EPA determines are necessary. The additional work shall be completed according to the standards, specifications, and schedule set forth or approved by U.S. EPA in a written modification to the work plan or in a written work plan supplement, and in accordance with any additional requirements of this Order. U.S. EPA reserves the right to conduct the work itself at any point, to obtain reimbursement from Respondent, and/or to seek any other appropriate relief. If Respondent determines, as a result of information obtained during the implementation of the Work Plan, that additional or different work is needed in order to define and characterize the contamination on the Site or to develop and implement effective remedial measures at the Site, Respondent shall submit proposed modifications of the Work Plan in writing to EPA for approval or disapproval. If the proposed modifications are disapproved, Respondent shall proceed with the work set forth in the work plan, without the proposed If EPA does not approve or disapprove the modifications. proposed modifications within twenty-one (21) calendar days from

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the date of receipt by EPA, then any additional time beyond twenty-one (21) calendar days until EPA provides its decision shall be added to the remaining deadlines in the Work Plan.

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- 23. All materials removed from the Site shall be disposed of or treated at a facility approved by the On-Scene Coordinator and in accordance with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (RCRA), 42 U.S.C. § 6921, et seq., as amended, the regulations promulgated under that Act, Section 121(d)(3) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9621(d)(3), and the U.S. EPA Revised Off-Site Policy, EPA OSWER Directive 9834.11, dated November 13, 1987. In carrying out the terms of this order, Respondent shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local requirements, including, but not limited to, the NCP, 40 CFR Part 300.
- 24. On or before the effective date of this Order, the Respondent shall designate a Project Coordinator. greatest extent possible, the Project Coordinator shall be present on Site or readily available during Site work. EPA has designated Donn Zuroski as its On-Scene Coordinator. The On-Scene Coordinator and the Project Coordinator shall be responsible for overseeing the implementation of this Order. To the maximum extent possible, communication between the Respondent and the U.S. EPA, and all documents, reports, and approvals, and all other correspondence concerning the activities relevant to this Order, shall be directed through the On-Scene Coordinator and the Project Coordinator. During the implementation of the Work Plan, the OSC and the Project Coordinator shall, whenever possible, operate by consensus, and shall attempt in good faith to resolve disputes informally through discussion of the issues.

- 25. The U.S. EPA and the Respondent shall each have the right to change their respective designated On-Scene Coordinator or Project Coordinator. U.S. EPA shall notify the Respondent, and Respondent shall notify U.S. EPA, as early as possible before such a change is made, but in no case less than 24 hours before such a change. Notification may initially be verbal, but shall be given in writing within 48 hours after oral notification.
- 26. The U.S. EPA On-Scene Coordinator shall have the authority vested in an On-Scene Coordinator by the NCP, 40 CFR Part 300, as amended, including the authority to halt, conduct, or direct any work required by this Order, or to direct any other response action undertaken by U.S. EPA or the Respondent at the facility.
- 27. No extensions to the above time frames shall be granted without sufficient cause. All extensions must be requested in writing, and shall not be deemed accepted unless approved in writing by U.S. EPA.
- 28. All instructions by the U.S. EPA On-Scene Coordinator or his designated alternate shall be binding upon the Respondent as long as those instructions are not clearly inconsistent with the National Contingency Plan or this Order.
- 29. To the extent that the Facility or other areas where work under this Order is to be performed is owned by, or in possession of, someone other than the Respondent, Respondent shall use its best efforts to obtain all necessary access agreements. In the event that after using its best efforts Respondent is unable to obtain such agreements, Respondent shall immediately notify U.S. EPA and U.S. EPA may then assist

Respondent in gaining access, to the extent necessary to effectuate the response activities described herein, using such means as it deems appropriate. If U.S. EPA determines, in its sole discretion, that Respondent has been unable to obtain access despite using its best efforts, then Respondent's deadlines for completion of work required by this Order for which access is necessary shall be extended for the period necessary to obtain access, which period shall be determined by U.S. EPA. For purposes of this paragraph, "best efforts" shall not be construed to require Respondent to reimburse the Yavapai-Prescott Tribe for any response costs or damages they have incurred, other than response costs addressed in Paragraph 69 of this Order.

Respondent shall reimburse U.S. EPA for all attorneys' fees and court costs it incurs in assisting Respondent to obtain access.

- 30. Respondent shall provide access to the Facility to U.S. EPA employees, and U.S. EPA-authorized contractors, agents, and consultants, at reasonable times and shall permit such persons to be present and move freely in the area in order to conduct inspections, including taking photographs and videotapes of the Facility, to do cleanup/stabilization work, to take samples to monitor the work under this Order, and to conduct other activities which the U.S. EPA determines to be necessary. At the request of U.S. EPA, Respondent shall provide or allow U.S. EPA or its authorized representative to take split samples of all samples collected by Respondent pursuant to this Consent Order.
- 31. Respondent shall provide written weekly summary reports to the On-Scene Coordinator regarding the actions and activities undertaken under this Order. At a minimum, these reports shall

describe the actions that have been taken to comply with this Order, including all results of sampling and tests received or prepared by the Respondent and shall describe all significant work items planned for the next week.

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- The Respondent agrees to retain for six years following completion of the activities required by this Order copies of all records and files relating to hazardous substances found on the Site, or related to the activities undertaken pursuant to this Order, whether or not those documents were created pursuant to this Order. Respondent shall acquire and retain copies of all documents relating to the Site that are in the possession of their contractors, agents and employees. Respondent shall notify U.S. EPA at least sixty (60) days before any documents retained under this paragraph are to be destroyed. The documents retained under this paragraph shall be made available to the U.S. EPA upon request.
- Respondent may assert a business confidentiality claim covering all or part of any information submitted to U.S. EPA pursuant to this Order. Any assertion of confidentiality shall be adequately substantiated by Respondent when the assertion is made. Information determined to be confidential by U.S. EPA shall be disclosed only to the extent permitted by 40 CFR Part 2. If no substantiated confidentiality claim accompanies the information when it is submitted to U.S. EPA, the information may be made available to the public by U.S. EPA without further notice to Respondent. Respondent agrees not to assert any business confidentiality claim with regard to any physical or 28 analytical data.

Following the effective date of this Order, the United States may periodically, but not more frequently than quarterly, submit to Respondent payment demands containing accounting of response costs, including oversight costs, incurred by the U.S. Government with respect to the Site. Response costs shall include, but are not limited to, direct and indirect costs incurred by the U.S. Government in overseeing Respondent's implementation of the requirements of this Order, EPA response costs arising from or connected with the Site incurred before the effective date hereof, time and travel costs of EPA personnel and associated indirect costs, costs of negotiating this Order, contractor costs, sampling and compliance monitoring costs, dispute resolution costs, and costs of redoing any of the work done by Respondent. Cost summaries provided by U.S. EPA, including EPA's certified Agency Financial Management System summary data (SPUR Reports) and U.S. EPA's Cost Documentation Management System Report (CDMS), shall serve as sufficient basis for payment demands. Payments shall be made by Respondent within 60 days of Respondent's receipt of the cost statement. shall be made payable to the "EPA Hazardous Substances Superfund" at the following address: EPA - Region 9, Attn: Superfund Accounting, P.O. Box 360863M, Pittsburgh, PA 15251, in the form of a certified or cashiers check. The face of the check should note that the payment is for the Southwest Forest Industries, Inc., Superfund Site Identification Number 1U. A copy of the check(s) submitted shall be sent simultaneously to the U.S. EPA representative indicated in Paragraph 35 below. If payment is not received by U.S. EPA when due, interest shall accrue from the date of the demand, at the rate specified for interest on investments of the Hazardous Substances Superfund in Section 107(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9607(a).

35. A notice, document, information, report, plan, approval, disapproval or other correspondence required to be submitted from one party to another under the Order shall be deemed submitted or effective either when hand delivered or as of the date of receipt by certified mail, return receipt requested, or the date of receipt of an electronic facsimile.

Submissions to the Respondent shall be submitted to:

Curtis A. Barton Stone Container Corporation 1979 Lakeside Parkway, Suite 300 Tucker, Georgia 30084

Submissions to the U.S. EPA shall be submitted to:

Donn Zuroski (H-8-3)
On Scene Coordinator
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
75 Hawthorne Street
San Francisco, CA 94105

36. If any provision of this Order is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, the balance of this Order shall remain in full force and effect.

37. This Order shall be effective on the date of signature by the Director, Hazardous Waste Management Division.

PARTIES BOUND

38. The provisions of this Order shall apply to and be binding upon the U.S. EPA and shall be binding upon the Respondent and its agents, successors, assigns, employees, and contractors. No change in the ownership or corporate or other

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legal status of the Respondent or of the facility or the Site shall alter the Respondent's responsibilities under this Order.

39. The provisions of this Order and the directions of U.S. EPA's On-Scene Coordinator made under the provisions of this Order shall be binding upon the Respondent and its successors, assigns, employees, agents, and contractors. Respondent shall provide a copy of this Consent Order to all contractors, subcontractors and consultants retained to perform any work under this Order within seven (7) days of the effective date of this order, or on the date of retaining their services, whichever is later, and Respondent shall condition contracts with all such contractors, subcontractors and consultants upon compliance with this Order. Notwithstanding the terms of any such contract, the Respondent shall be responsible for compliance with this Order and with ensuring that all its contractors, subcontractors and consultants comply with this Order.

STIPULATED PENALTIES

40. Except as excused by any extensions of time granted by EPA in writing, and subject to the provisions of this Consent Order, for each day the Respondent fails to meet the deadlines set forth in the Consent Order, the Work Plan, and the task-specific work plans, or otherwise fails to meet the requirements of this Administrative Order on Consent, Respondent agrees to pay the sum set forth below as a stipulated penalty. The stipulated penalty shall be:

\$1,000 per day for each of the first 7 days;

\$2,000 per day for each day from the 8th through the 15th

day;

\$5,000 per day for each day from the 16th through the 30th day;

\$10,000 per day for each day after the 30th day.

- 41. All penalties which accrue pursuant to the requirements of this Order shall be paid within thirty (30) calendar days of written demand by U.S. EPA. Payment shall be made to the EPA Hazardous Substances Superfund at: EPA Region 9, Attn:
 Superfund Accounting, P.O. Box 360863M, Pittsburgh, PA 15251, payable in the form of a certified or cashier's check payable to "EPA Hazardous Substances Superfund." The face of the check should note that the payment is for the Southwest Forest Industries site.
- 42. If payment is not received by U.S. EPA when due, interest shall accrue from the date of the demand, at the rate specified for interest on investments of the Hazardous Substances Superfund in Section 107(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9607(a). Stipulated penalties shall accrue, but need not be paid, during any dispute resolution period concerning the particular penalties at issue. If Respondent prevails upon resolution, Respondent shall pay such penalties as the resolution requires, with interest from the date of the demand.
- A3. Payment of stipulated penalties will not relieve
 Respondent from complying with the terms of this Consent Order.
 U.S. EPA retains the right to seek any remedies or sanctions
 available to U.S. EPA by reason of Respondent's noncompliance
 with the provisions of this Consent Order that are not otherwise
 expressly limited by these Stipulated Penalty provisions.

PENALTIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE

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44. The Respondent is advised pursuant to Section 106(b) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9606(b), that violation or subsequent failure or refusal to comply with this Order and any Work Plan approved under this Order, or any portion thereof, may subject the Respondent to a civil penalty of up to \$25,000 per day for each day in which such violation occurs, or such failure to comply continues. In addition, failure to properly provide removal action upon the terms of this Order, and any subsequent orders issued by U.S. EPA, may result in liability for punitive damages pursuant to Section 107(c)(3) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C § 9607(c)(3).

TERMINATION AND SATISFACTION

45. Within sixty (60) days following completion of the work required under this Order, or within such time as may be designated by EPA in an approved work plan, the Respondent shall submit a Final Report summarizing the actions taken to comply with this Order. The report shall contain, at a minimum: identification of the Facility, a description of the locations and types of hazardous substances encountered at the Facility, a chronology and description of the actions performed (including both the organization and implementation of response activities), a listing of the resources committed to perform the work under this Order (including financial, personnel, mechanical and technological resources), identification of all items that affected the actions performed under the Order and discussion of how all problems were resolved, a listing of quantities and types of materials removed, a discussion of removal and disposal options considered for those materials, a listing of the ultimate destination of those materials, and a presentation of the analytical results of all sampling and analyses performed and accompanying appendices containing all relevant paperwork accrued during the action (e.g., manifests, invoices, bills, contracts, permits). The Final Report shall also include an affidavit from a person who supervised or directed the preparation of that report. The affidavit shall certify under penalty of perjury that based on personal knowledge and appropriate inquiries of all other persons involved in preparation of the report, the information submitted is true, accurate and complete to the best of the affiant's knowledge and belief.

46. The provisions of this Order shall be deemed satisfied upon payment by the Respondent of all sums due under the terms of this Order and upon the Respondent's receipt of written notice from U.S. EPA that the Respondent has demonstrated, to the satisfaction of U.S. EPA, that all of the terms of this Order, including any additional tasks consistent with this Consent Order which U.S. EPA has determined to be necessary, have been completed.

INDEMNIFICATION

47. The Respondent agrees to indemnify and save and hold harmless the United States Government, its agencies, department, agents, and employees, from any and all claims or causes of action arising from, or on account of, acts or omissions of the Respondents, their officers, employees, receivers, trustees, agents, successors or assigns, in carrying out the activities pursuant to this Order. The United States Government shall not be held as a party to any contract entered into by the Respondent

in carrying out activities under this Order.

RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

- A8. EPA reserves the right to bring an action against the Respondent under Section 107 of CERCLA for recovery of all response costs, including oversight costs, incurred by the United States at the Site that are not reimbursed by the Respondent, any costs incurred in the event that EPA performs the work required under this Order or any part thereof, and any future costs incurred by the United States in connection with response activities conducted under CERCLA at the Site.
- 49. EPA reserves the right to bring an action against Respondent to enforce the past costs and response and oversight cost reimbursement requirements of this Consent Order, to collect stipulated penalties assessed pursuant to the Stipulated Penalties provisions of this Consent Order, and to seek penalties pursuant to Section 109 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9609.
- 50. Except as expressly provided in this Order, each party reserves all rights and defenses it may have. Nothing in this Consent Order shall affect EPA's removal authority or EPA's response or enforcement authorities including, but not limited to, the right to seek injunctive relief, stipulated penalties, statutory penalties, and/or punitive damages.
- 51. Following satisfaction of the requirements of this Consent Order, Respondent shall have resolved its liability to EPA for the work performed by Respondent pursuant to this Consent Order. Respondent is not released from liability, if any, for any response actions taken beyond the scope of this Order regarding removals, remedial design/remedial action, or

activities arising pursuant to Section 121(c) of CERCLA.

- 52. Nothing in this Order shall confer upon Respondent any ability to obtain pre-enforcement review of U.S. EPA actions. Notwithstanding any reservation of rights, Respondent agrees to comply with the terms and conditions of this Order and consents to the jurisdiction of the U.S. EPA to enter into and enforce this Order.
- 53. Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent U.S. EPA from exercising its right to disapprove of work performed by the Respondent.

FORCE MAJEURE

- 54. The Respondent shall cause all work to be performed within the time limits set forth herein and in the approved Work Plan and task-specific work plans, unless EPA determines that performance is delayed by "force majeure". For purposes of this Order, "force majeure" shall mean an event arising from causes entirely beyond the control of the Respondent and its contractors which delays or prevents the performance of any obligation required by this Order. Increases in costs, financial difficulty, and normal inclement weather, are examples of events that are not considered to be beyond the control of the Respondent.
- 55. Respondent shall notify the OSC within 24 hours after Respondent becomes aware of any event which Respondent contends constitutes a force majeure, with subsequent written notice within seven (7) calendar days of the event. Such written notice shall describe: 1) the nature of the delay, 2) the cause of the delay, 3) the expected duration of the delay, including any

demobilization and remobilization resulting from the delay, 4) the actions which will be taken to prevent or mitigate further delay, and 5) the timetable by which the actions to mitigate the delay will be taken. Respondent shall implement all reasonable measures to avoid and/or minimize such delays. Failure to comply with the notice provision of this paragraph shall be grounds for U.S. EPA to deny Respondent an extension of time for performance. The Respondent shall have the burden of demonstrating by a preponderance of the evidence that the event is a force majeure, that the delay is warranted under the circumstances, and that best efforts were exercised to avoid and mitigate the effects of the delay. If U.S. EPA determines a delay is or was attributable to a force majeure, the time period for performance under this Order shall be extended as deemed necessary by EPA to allow performance.

DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- 56. The Parties to this Order on Consent shall attempt to resolve expeditiously and informally any disagreements concerning implementation of this Order on Consent or any Work required hereunder.
- 57. In the event that any dispute arising under this Order on Consent is not resolved expeditiously through informal means, any party desiring dispute resolution under this Dispute Resolution Section shall give prompt written notice to the other party(ies) to the Order.
- 58. Within ten (10) days of the service of notice of dispute pursuant to Paragraph 57 above, the party who gave notice

shall serve on the other parties to this Order a written statement of the issues in dispute, the relevant facts upon which the dispute is based, any factual data, analysis or opinion supporting its position, and all supporting documentation on which such party relies (hereinafter the "Statement of The opposing parties shall serve their Statement of Position"). Position, including supporting documentation, no later than ten (10) days after receipt of the complaining party's Statement of Position. These 10-day time periods for exchange of Statements of Position may be shortened or lengthened upon notice by U.S. EPA, if deemed appropriate by U.S. EPA in light of the nature of The complaining party may, at its option, file a the dispute. Response to the opposing parties' Statement of Position no later than five (5) days after receipt of the Statement of Position.

- 59. The administrative record of any dispute under this Dispute Resolution Section shall be maintained by U.S. EPA. The record shall include the written notification of such dispute, and the Statements of Position and Response, if any, served pursuant to the preceding paragraphs.
- of the Hazardous Waste Management Division, U.S. EPA, Region IX, shall resolve the dispute. The Director shall act to resolve the dispute with due diligence after his receipt of the Statements of Position and Response, if any. Respondent shall proceed in accordance with the decision of the Director of the Hazardous Waste Management Division.
- 61. Respondent is not relieved of its obligations to perform and conduct activities and submit deliverables on the

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schedules set forth herein and in the work plans, while a matter is pending in dispute resolution.

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Respondent agrees to limit any disputes concerning U.S. EPA costs to accounting errors and the inclusion of costs outside the scope of this Order. Within twenty (20) days of receipt of U.S. EPA's written demand, Respondent shall identify any contested costs and the basis of its objection. All undisputed costs shall be remitted by Respondent in accordance with the provisions of this Order. Within thirty (30) days of the date of the demand, Respondent shall (a) pay any disputed costs into an escrow account administered by an independent trustee, with instructions to hold such funds while the dispute is pending and to pay the proceeds to the party prevailing in the dispute resolution process, and (b) send EPA a copy of such instructions, the agreement with the trustee, and evidence of payment into the account. Respondent bears the burden of establishing an EPA accounting error or the inclusion of costs outside the scope of this Consent Order.

NON-ADMISSION

63. The consent of the Respondent to the terms of this Order shall not constitute or be construed as an admission of liability or of U.S. EPA's findings or determinations contained in this Order in any proceeding other than a proceeding to enforce the terms of this Order.

CERCLA FUNDING

64. The Respondent waives any claims or demands for compensation or payment under Sections 106(b), 111 and 112 of CERCLA against the United States or the Hazardous Substance

Response Trust Fund established by Section 221 of CERCLA for, or arising out of, any activity performed or expenses incurred pursuant to this Consent Order.

65. This Consent Order does not constitute any decision on preauthorization of funds under Section 111(a)(2) of CERCLA.

SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENT

66. This Consent Order may be amended by mutual agreement of U.S. EPA and the Respondent. Any amendment of this Consent Order shall be in writing, signed by U.S. EPA and the Respondent and shall have as the effective date, that date on which such amendment is signed by U.S. EPA. EPA Project Coordinators do not have the authority to sign amendments to the Order. No informal advice, guidance, suggestions, assurances, or comments by EPA or its authorized representatives shall modify the terms and conditions of this Order or relieve any Respondent of its obligations under this Order, including its obligations to obtain formal approvals.

SIGNATORIES

67. Each undersigned representative of a signatory to this Administrative Order on Consent certifies that he or she is fully authorized to enter into the terms and conditions of this Order and to bind such signatory, its directors, officers, employees, agents, successors and assigns, to this document.

WARRANTY

68. The Respondent represents and warrants to EPA that it is the successor to Southwest Forest Industries, Inc., and that it is a Delaware corporation in good standing that is wholly owned by Stone Container Corporation. This representation and

warranty shall survive the execution of this Order.

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REIMBURSEMENT OF YAVAPAI-PRESCOTT INDIAN TRIBE

69. In accordance with CERCLA section 107(a)(4)(A),
Respondent agrees to reimburse the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe
("Yavapai") for its response costs arising from or connected with
the Site and not inconsistent with the NCP which are incurred up
to the effective date of this Order, plus additional response
costs totalling not more than \$10,000.00 that are incurred after
the effective date of this Order. Respondent shall reimburse
Yavapai for all undisputed costs within thirty days from its
receipt of Yavapai's invoices for its costs. Respondent's
payment shall be made payable to the Yavapai-Prescott Indian
Tribe and shall be sent by Respondent to:

Donald A. James, Business Manager Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe 530 East Merritt

Prescott, Arizona 86301-2038

In the event that Respondent disputes any of Yavapai's costs, it shall notify EPA and Yavapai and define the dispute in writing, within thirty days from receipt of Yavapai's invoices. Yavapai and Respondent shall then have an additional 14 days to reach agreement on the disputed costs. If an agreement is not reached within 14 days, Respondent or Yavapai may request a determination by EPA's Hazardous Waste Management Division Director. The Hazardous Waste Management Division Director's decision will constitute the final decision. The parties agree that this decision shall not be reviewable by any court. If the Hazardous Waste Management Division Director decides that all or a portion

of the disputed costs are owed by Respondent to Yavapai, 1 Respondent shall reimburse Yavapai within twenty-one (21) days 2 after Respondent's receipt of written notice from EPA of the 3 This paragraph 69 is expressly conditioned on (1) 4 Yavapai providing access to the Site to Respondent and its 5 authorized representatives and to U.S. EPA and its authorized 6 representatives; (2) Yavapai's agreement to release Respondent 7 from all claims for past response costs incurred by Yavapai 8 arising from or connected with the Site upon payment by 9 Respondent in accordance with this paragraph; and (3) the 10 execution of this Order by Yavapai within sixty days after the 11 effective date of this Order. 12 13 all day of land + Agreed this 14 15 Stone Southwest, Inc., a Delaware Corporation 16 17 Leslie T. Lederer Its Secretary 18 19 The above being agreed and consented to, it is so ORDERED 20 day of 21 this 22 23 24 **ZELIKSON**, Director Hazardous Waste Management Division 25 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region IX 26 The Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe concurs with paragraph 69. 27

Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe

1	Ву
2	Patricia McGee Its President
3	its riesident
4	Contacts:
5	Donn Zuroski (H-8-3) Federal On-Scene Coordinator
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8	David Silverman (RC-3-1) Office of Regional Counsel
9	United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX 75 Hawthorne Street
10	San Francisco, California 94105 (415) 744-1377
11	John Jaros (H-8-3)
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